

Managing Clinical Alerts (Special Indicators) to e-Prescribing Systems for patients at Risk of Adrenal Insufficiency

Background

All patients with primary adrenal insufficiency (AI), such as those with Addison's disease, are steroid dependent. Additionally, some patients who take oral, injectable, inhaled or topical steroids for other medical conditions may develop secondary adrenal insufficiency and may become steroid dependent. There are trust guidelines on koha available to help clinical staff determine if a patient is at Risk of Adrenal Insufficiency from Prescribed Steroids

For all patients on current or recent (within 12 months) steroids:

- Check with the patient if they carry (or should carry) a Steroid Emergency Card
 - If they do not, check if the patient's current therapy meets the threshold for issuing a Steroid Emergency Card
- Issue a card for all patients at risk of AI who do not already have a card in their possession
- For all patients at risk of AI ensure a 'Steroid Dependant' Clinical Alert is present or entered in Meditech/Lorenzo as per this SOP

REMEMBER: Always review the currency of the *Steroid Dependant* alert each time the patient is reviewed. For cases of secondary AI, the alerts may be temporary as the patient may no longer be at risk e.g. no steroid use during the last 12 months



Additional Information:

UHDB Policy - Medicines Reconciliation Policy

UHDB clinical guideline - Risk of Adrenal Insufficiency from Prescribed Steroids includes all scenarios where prescribers should consider issuing a steroid card

UHDB clinical guideline - <u>Acute Adrenal Insufficiency (Adrenal Crisis)</u> includes management aligned with the Society of Endocrinology guidance referenced on the new Emergency Card. Includes information about sick day rules and future risk.

Clinical Alerts: Lorenzo



Identify patient at risk of adrenal insufficiency (AI)

Open Patient Record and select correct admission/encounter

Go to *Health Issues* on the toolbar on right hand side of screen

Then go to left hand tool bar & select: Record Alert

Overview

Medication

Results
Requests

General
Details

Health
Issues

Complete the mandatory (Blue) sections of the form

ALERT TYPE = Clinical

ALERT NAME = Steroid Dependant

SCOPE = Check box for *All encounters and episodes*

Alert Description can be used to detail:

- Confirmation of primary / irreversible Al diagnosis
- Factors contributing to threshold for prescribed steroid induced AI
- Confirmation of uncertain status & on-going investigations (note also Confidence level)

Consider whether it is appropriate to add *review* or *expected conclusion* dates for steroid induced or variable/uncertain risk of AI

[Do not complete for Primary / irreversible Al]

TIP: Don't forget to Add & Finish now



Clinical



Checking Alerts: Icon appears on any Patient Record screen and when in ward Overview





REMEMBER: Always review the currency of the Steroid Dependant alert each time the patient is reviewed.

Expected conclusion date

Aler<u>t</u> type

For cases of secondary AI, the alerts may be temporary as the patient may no longer be at risk e.g. no steroid use during the last 12 months. Use the left hand tool bar to modify and close alerts.

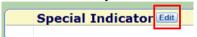
Special Indicators (Alerts): Meditech

1. Adding Special Indicator (Alerts)

Within the EMR (Patient Electronic Medical Record), the Summary Tab gives an overview of clinical information



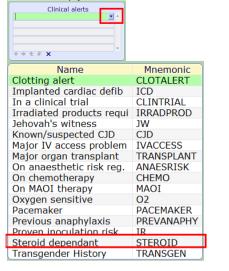
To add new alerts you must first click Edit



These are grouped under the following categories: Clinical, Communication, Infection, Safeguarding.

Clinical Alerts

Click into empty box then click down arrow to see a list

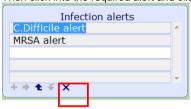


2a. Editing/Removing Alerts individually

First you need to tick the required alert category.



Then click into the required alert and click the cross (X).



Don't forget to click Save.



2b. Removing all alerts from a category

Tick the required alert category.



Now click the Remove button at the foot of the screen.



Don't forget to click Save.



3. Viewing Special Indicators (Alerts)

In the EMR, if you see a red box with an exclamation mark next to a patient's name. it means there are alerts



To see the alerts just click the red box

4. Advice for reviewing/removing alerts:

4a. Steroid Dependant alerts

REMEMBER: Always review the currency of the Steroid Dependant alert each time the patient is reviewed.

For cases of secondary AI, the alerts may be temporary as the patient may no longer be at risk. e.g. no steroid use during the last 12 months

4b. General advice from EPR team:

Every time a patient is seen in hospital, we should be checking the EMR for Special Indicators/Alerts.

If they have alerts are they still relevant? Do they need editing? Should any be removed? Or are there alerts that need adding?

Remember this is an Electronic Medical Record system.

We rely on the accuracy of the information held against each patient on the EMR.

It is vital to the patient's care that alerts are recorded and maintained. Make sure you play your part!

Reference Number Clinical SOP	Version: V2		Status Final		Author: Medicines Safety Officer
Version / Amendment History	Version	Date	Author	Reason	
, and the second	1.0	07/05/21	James Hooley, MSO	New procedure to support trust guideline and policy actions	
	2.0	05/04/2024	James Hooley, MSO	clini of A ster	riewed alongside cal guideline (Risk I from prescribed oids). No changes uired to supporting

To be read in conjunction with:

UHDB Policy - Medicines Reconciliation Policy

UHDB clinical guideline - Risk of Adrenal Insufficiency from Prescribed Steroids

UHDB clinical guideline - <u>Acute Adrenal Insufficiency (Adrenal Crisis)</u>

In consultation with and Date: Patient Safety Lead Nurse & Working Group for the National Patient Safety Alert (Steroid Emergency Cards - NatPSA/2020/005/NHSPS). EPR team, Burton. Pharmacy ePMA lead and Governance team.

Approving Body and Date Approved	Process approved by CAG, May 2021		
	Document approved by Pharmacy BU Governance (PGQR) & EMR Team, QHB 2021		
	Reviewed and confirmed no update required April 2024 (James Hooley & Hisham Ali, Consultant Endocrinologist)		
	CGG - 26/4/2024		
Date of Issue	April 2024		
Review Date and Frequency	Appendix to Clinical Guideline for Risk of Al from prescribed Steroids – Review on same schedule (May 2027)		
Contact for Review	James Hooley – Medicines Safety Officer		